NOTE XVIII.

ON AN UNDESCRIBED CETONIID BELONGING TO THE GENUS CHALCOTHEA, BURM.

BY

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Amongst the specimens of *Chalcothea smaragdina* G. & P. 1) of the Leyden Museum, I lately found a female specimen from Sumatra of a distinct although nearly allied species, which, as I am informed by Mr. van Lansberge, bears in several, especially french collections the name of *Chalcothea affinis* Voll. 2).

The specimen of the new species, which I propose to call

Chalcothea neglecta,

has the size of large specimens of *C. smaragdina* (28 mm.) and is similarly coloured; moreover the sculpture, the shape of the prosternal process etc. are quite the same, but *neglecta* may be at once distinguished from *smaragdina* by the shape of its prothorax, which is much wider at the base in consequence of the prolonged and divergent hind angles, a characteristic which it has in common with *C. affinis* Voll. and *resplendens* G. & P. 3). These two spe-

Notes from the Leyden Museum, Vol. IV.

¹⁾ Gory et Percheron, Monographie des Cétoines. p. 311; pl. 61, fig. 2.

²⁾ Tijdschrift voor Entomologie. Dl. I (1858) p. 23; pl. 2, fig. 2.

³⁾ Gory et Percheron, Monographie des Cétoines. p. 311; pl. 61, fig. 3.

cies have however a short and broadly rounded prosternal process.

Besides by the shape of the prothorax *C. neglecta* differs from *C. snaragdina* in the somewhat shorter and broader clypeus, and in the longitudinal central impression of the prothorax which is narrower and less deep.

Our specimen has been sent over from Sumatra by Mr. J. T. R. S. van den Bossche.

Leyden Museum, March 29th, 1882.