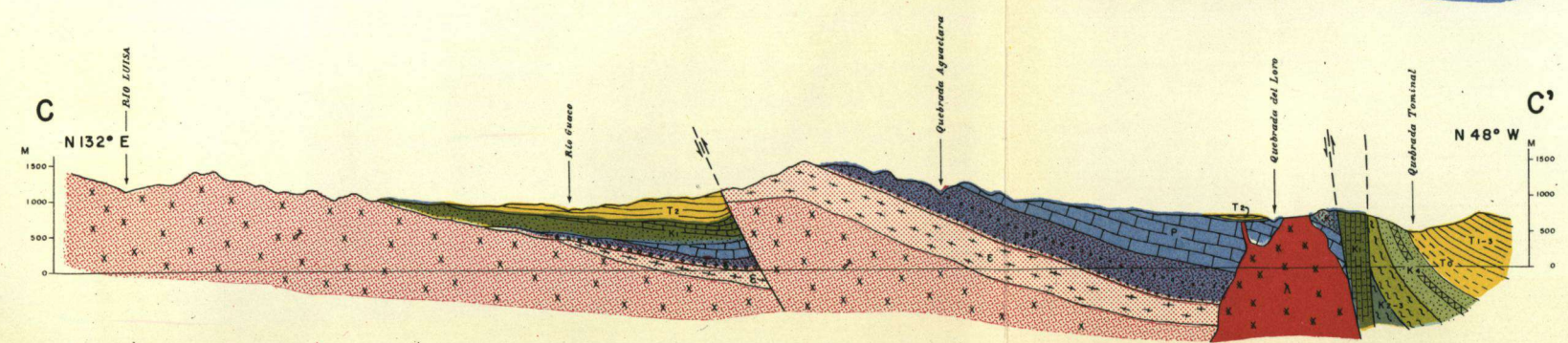
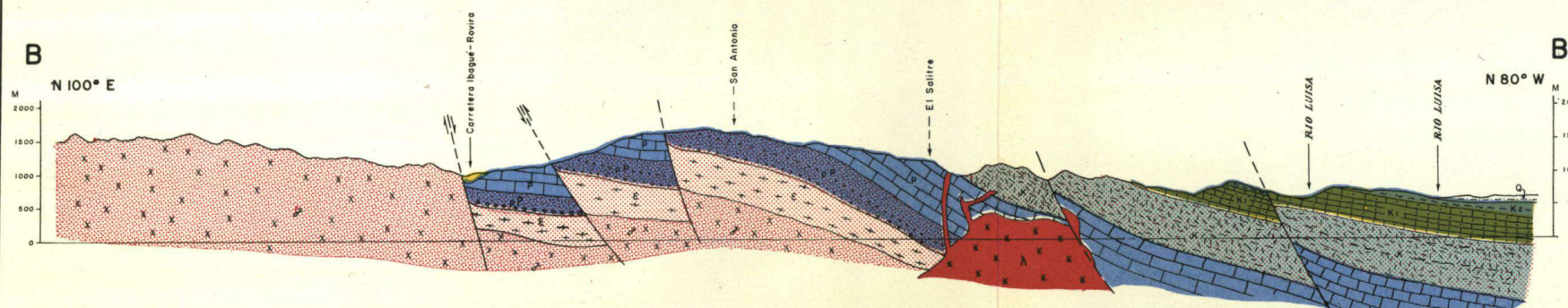
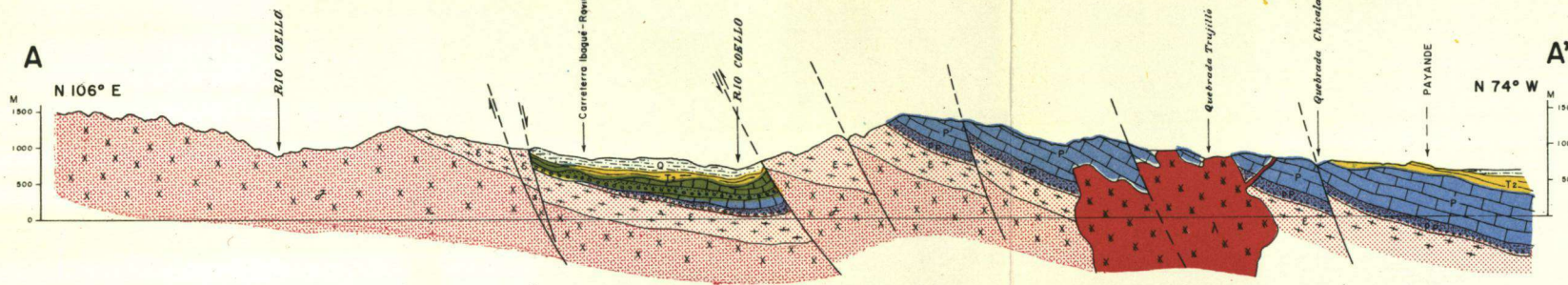


GEOLOGICAL SECTIONS THROUGH THE EASTERN BORDER OF THE CENTRAL CORDILLERA BETWEEN RIO COELLO AND RIO CUCUANA

BY H.W. NELSON

SCALE 1:100.000

10km

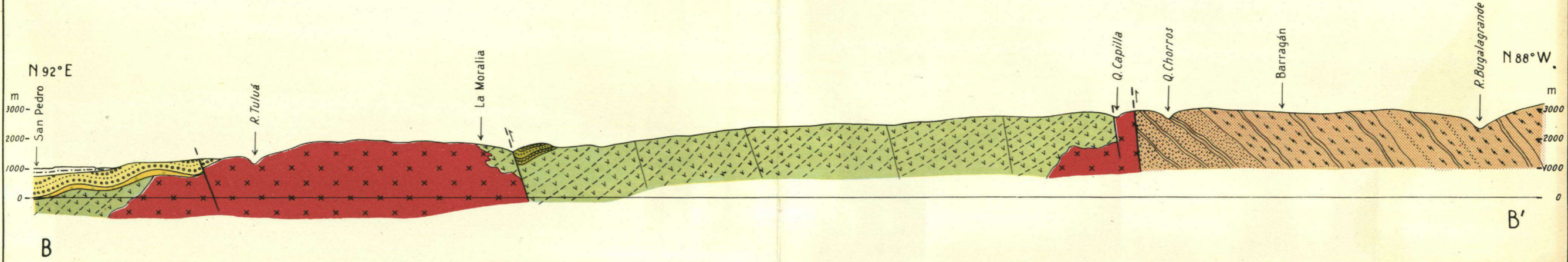
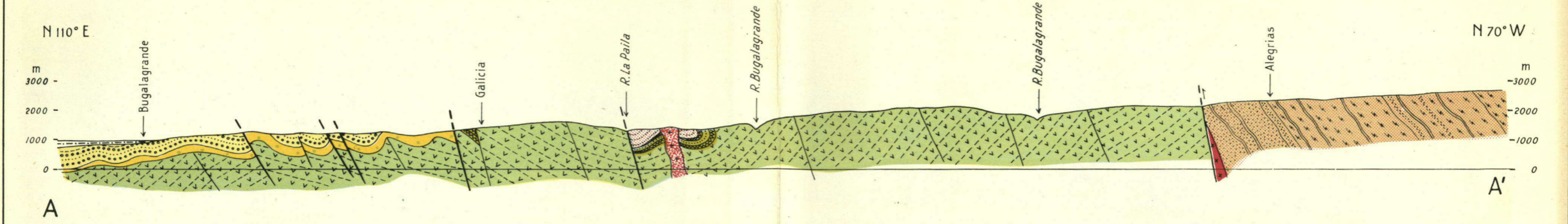


LEGEND

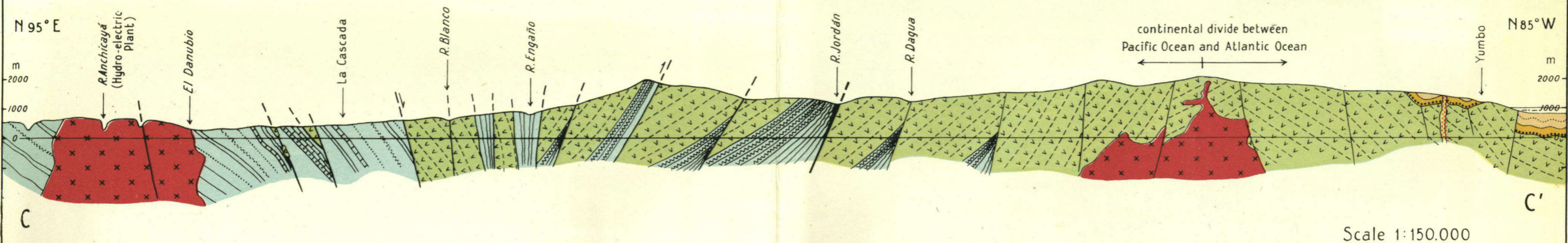
- QUATERNARY
 - Q
- LOWER-TERTIARY
 - T₃ Upper Gualanday
 - T₂ Middle Gualanday
 - T₁ Lower Gualanday
 - T₀ Guaduas
- CRETACEOUS
 - K₄ Campanian/Maestr.
 - K₃ Coniacian
 - K₂ Albian/Cenom./Turon.
 - K₁ Aptian
- JURASSIC
 - J* Granodiorites
- JURA-TRIASSIC
 - IPJ Payandé
 - PP Pre Payandé
- PERMO-TRIASSIC
 - R Rhyodacites
- PALEOZOIC
 - G Granodiorites

GEOLOGICAL SECTIONS OF THE WESTERN SLOPE OF THE CENTRAL CORDILLERA

By H.W. Nelson



SECTION THROUGH THE WESTERN CORDILLERA BETWEEN NEAR CALI (CAUCA VALLEY) AND THE PACIFIC COASTAL PLAIN



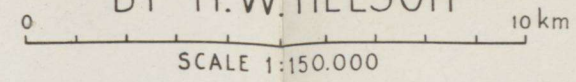
Scale 1:150,000

QUATERNARY		Fluvial deposits, terraces, etc.
MIOCENE	Upper La Paila	Fluviatile conglomerates, lignite seams at the top.
	Lower La Paila	Dacitic tuffs, mainly reworked. Rhyolite and dacite stocks.
OLIGOCENE	U Upper Cauca	Greywackes
	M Middle Cauca	Sandy shales, etc.; coal seams in the lower part.
EOCENE	M Lower Cauca	Sandstones and shales with coal beds; basal conglomerate.

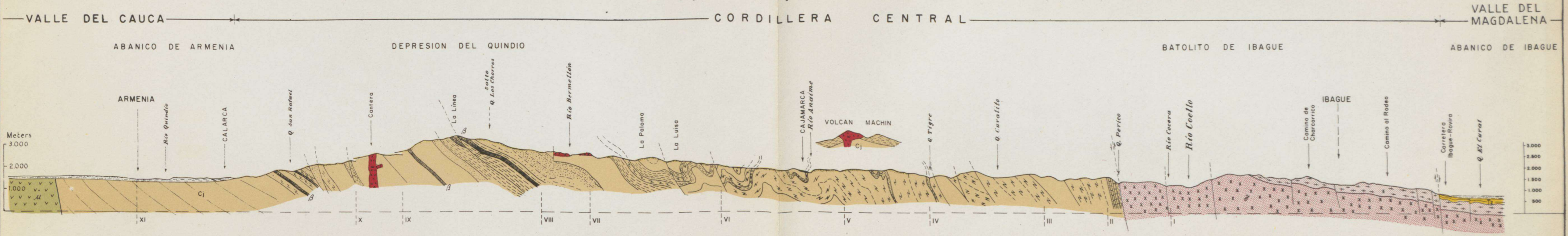
PALEOCENE	Nogales	Black calcareous cherts and greywackes. Tonalites
CRETACEOUS	U Diabásico	Diabase flows, with some chert beds.
	M L Dagua	Black cherts and siliceous slates in the upper part; slates, limestone beds and fine sandy rocks in the middle part; graphitic slates in the lower part.
PALEOZOIC	JURASSIC TRIASSIC	Amphibolites with intercalations of graphite schists.
	Cajamarca	Quartzites with intercalations of graphite schists.

GEOLOGICAL SECTION THROUGH THE CENTRAL CORDILLERA BETWEEN IBAGUE AND ARMENIA

BY H.W. NELSON



Note: Topographical base: Geographical Institute of Colombia



- road
- trail
- river
- contourlines (in meters)
- VII geological section
- formation limit
- fault

LEGEND

- Fans of Ibagué and Armenia.
- NEOTERTIARY and QUATERNARY**
 - Cover of andesitic tuffs.
 - Neovolcanic extrusives (dacites and andesites).
- LOWER TERTIARY**
 - Variegated sandy shales to coarse sandstone (Middle Gualanday).
- MIDDLE and UPPER CRETACEOUS**
 - Diabase (Flows).
- PERMO - TRIASSIC**
 - Rhyodacitic flows.
 - Granodiorites.
 - Metamorphic rocks of the Cajamarca group, not differentiated (schists, phyllites, etc.).
 - Greenschists (prasinites) and amphibolites.
 - Graphite schists.
 - Gneissic quartzschists.
 - Quartzphyllites.
 - Interstratified diabase flows.
 - Crystalline limestone.
- PALEOZOIC**

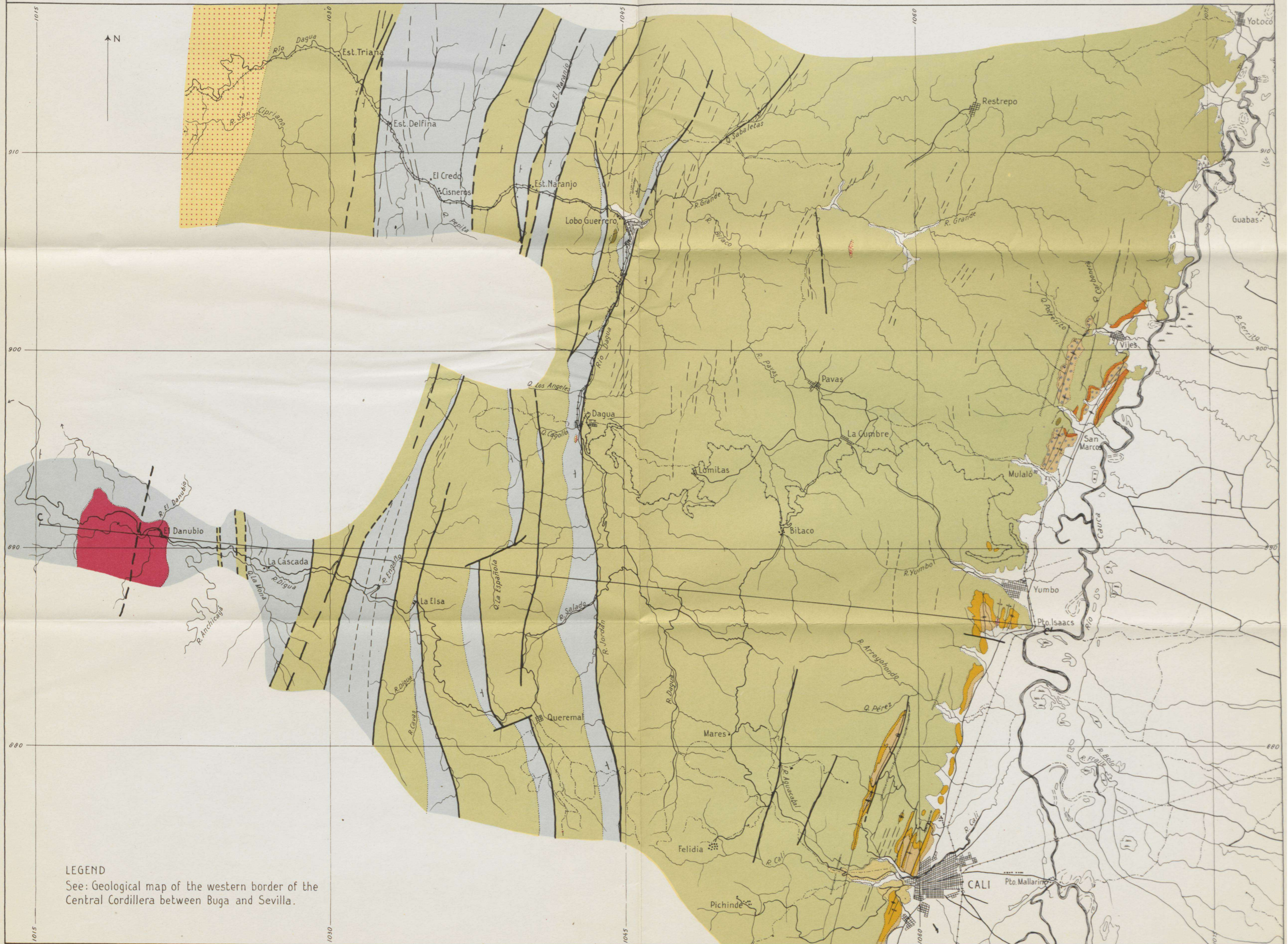
GEOLOGICAL MAP OF THE WESTERN CORDILLERA BETWEEN RIO CAUCA AND THE PACIFIC COASTAL PLAIN, NW. OF CALI

BY H.W. NELSON

0 5 10 km

SCALE 1:150.000

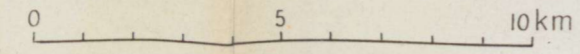
Note: terrestrial survey has been done in close collaboration with J. KEIZER. The results are deposited in the archive of the Instituto Geológico Nacional at Bogotá as sheet III of the Mapa Geológico de la Hoya del Alto Río Cauca, by J. Keizer and H.W. Nelson. — Topographic base: aerial photographs.



LEGEND
 See: Geological map of the western border of the Central Cordillera between Buga and Sevilla.

GEOLOGICAL MAP OF THE WESTERN BORDER OF THE CENTRAL CORDILLERA BETWEEN BUGA AND SEVILLA

BY H.W. NELSON

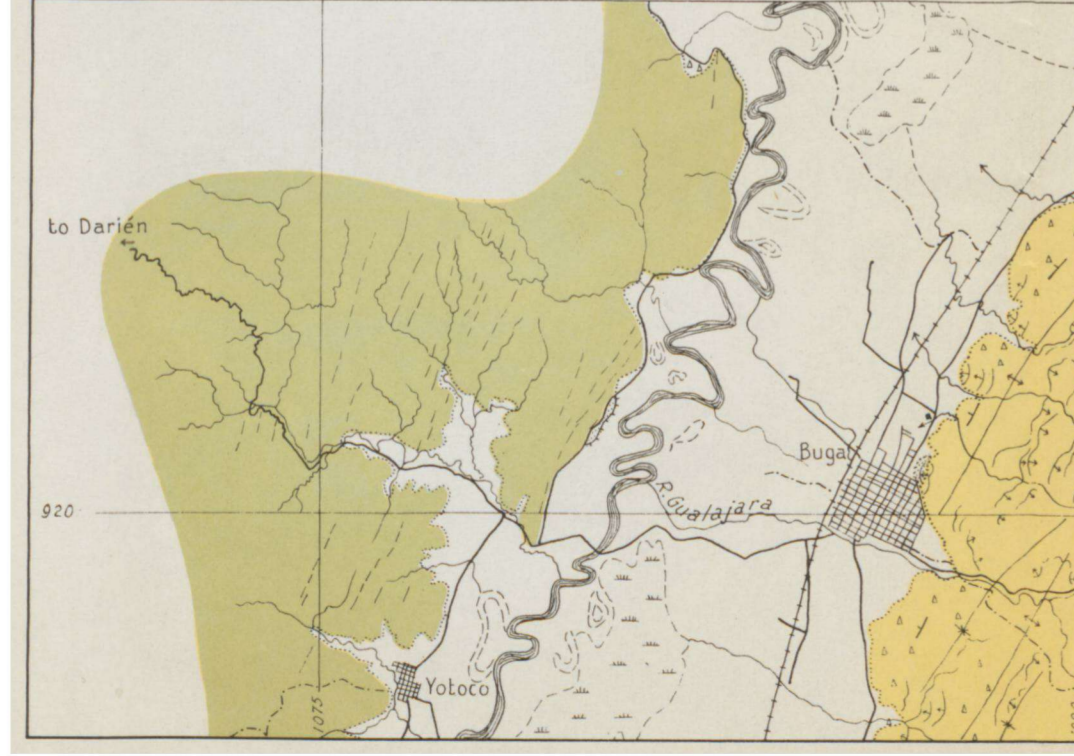
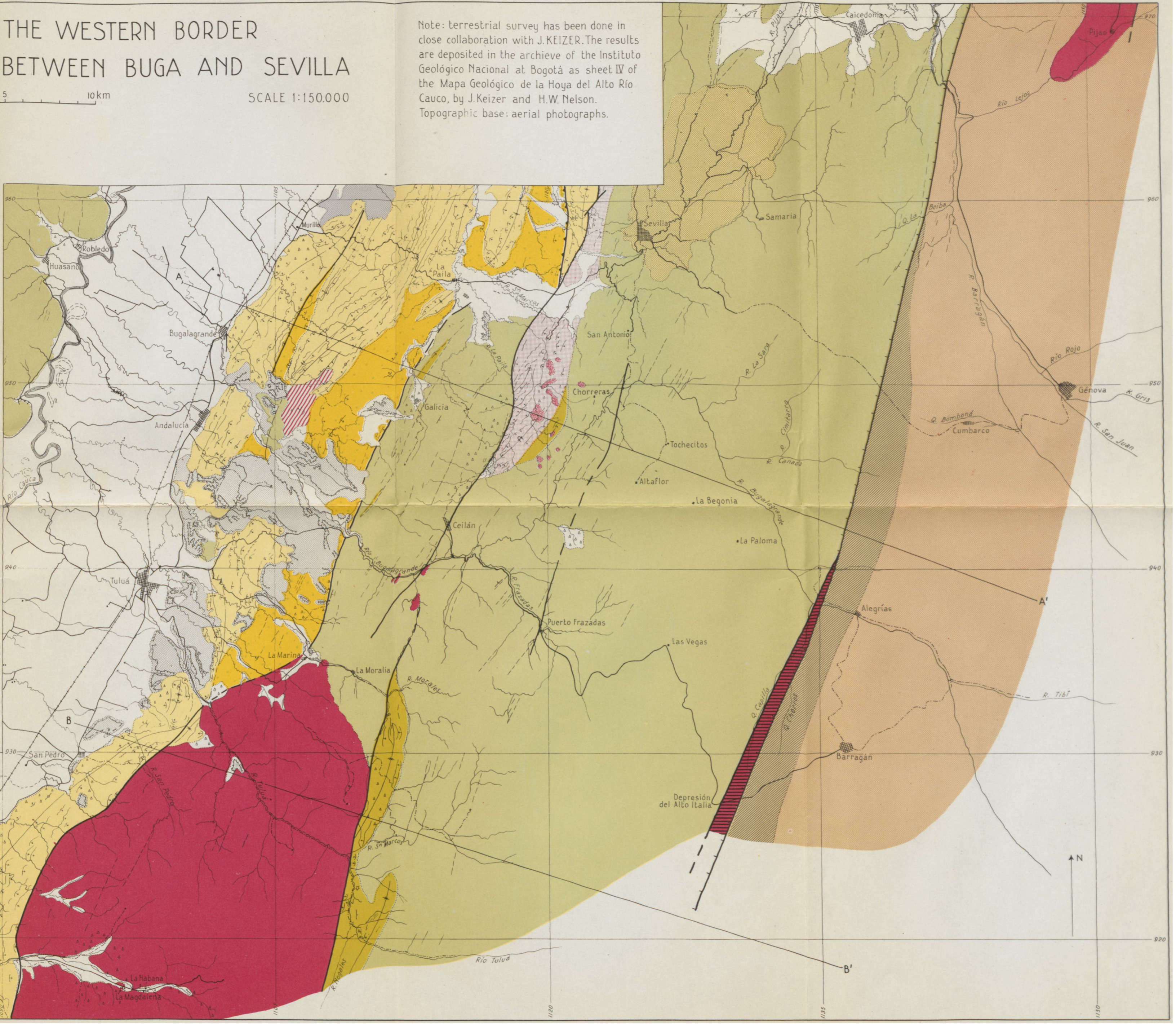


SCALE 1:150,000

Note: terrestrial survey has been done in close collaboration with J. KEIZER. The results are deposited in the archive of the Instituto Geológico Nacional at Bogotá as sheet IV of the Mapa Geológico de la Hoya del Alto Río Cauca, by J. Keizer and H.W. Nelson. Topographic base: aerial photographs.

LEGEND:			
HOLOCENE	Valle	Fluvial deposits of argillaceous sediments, locally sandy and tuffaceous; terraces.	
PLEISTOCENE	Popayán	Argillaceous sands alternating with gravel beds; reworked tuffs, locally lateritized; two autochthon tuff beds (Aguacatal fan).	
PLIOCENE	Zarzal	Diatomites and tuffaceous sands.	
MIOCENE	Upp. La Paila	Coarse grained to argillaceous sandstones and conglomerates with fluvialite cross-bedding; lignite seams at the top.	
	Naya	Dark blue mudstones and shales with plant remains (Pacific coastal plain).	
	Low. La Paila	Dacitic tuffs, mainly reworked.	
OLIGOCENE	Upper Cauca	Greenish greywackes. (the lower part consists of shales with coal beds; not exposed in the area of the map).	
	Middle Cauca	ferruginous sandy shales in the upper part; shales and sandstone beds with coal seams in the lower part.	
	Lower Cauca	Fossiliferous limestones overlain by ferruginous shales (marine Vijes facies). Rhyolite flows (underlying the Vijes limestone).	
PALEOCENE	Nogales	Black calcareous cherts with carbonaceous material; intercalations of greywackes.	
	Diabásico	Ultrabasic eruptives. Diabase flows with some intercalations of chert beds and siliceous shales.	
JURASSIC	Daqua	Black cherts and siliceous slates in the upper part; slates, sometimes slightly phyllitic, siliceous or fine sandy rocks and a limestone horizon in the middle part; phyllitic slates in the lower part (base not exposed).	
PALEOZOIC	Cajamarca	Greenschists (prasinites) and amphibolites with intercalations of graphite schists. Bluish quartzites with intercalated graphite schists ("Barragan").	

road	anticline	formation limit
trail	inverted anticline	escarpment
railway	syncline	trend
river	inverted syncline	terrace
strike and dip	fault	scree

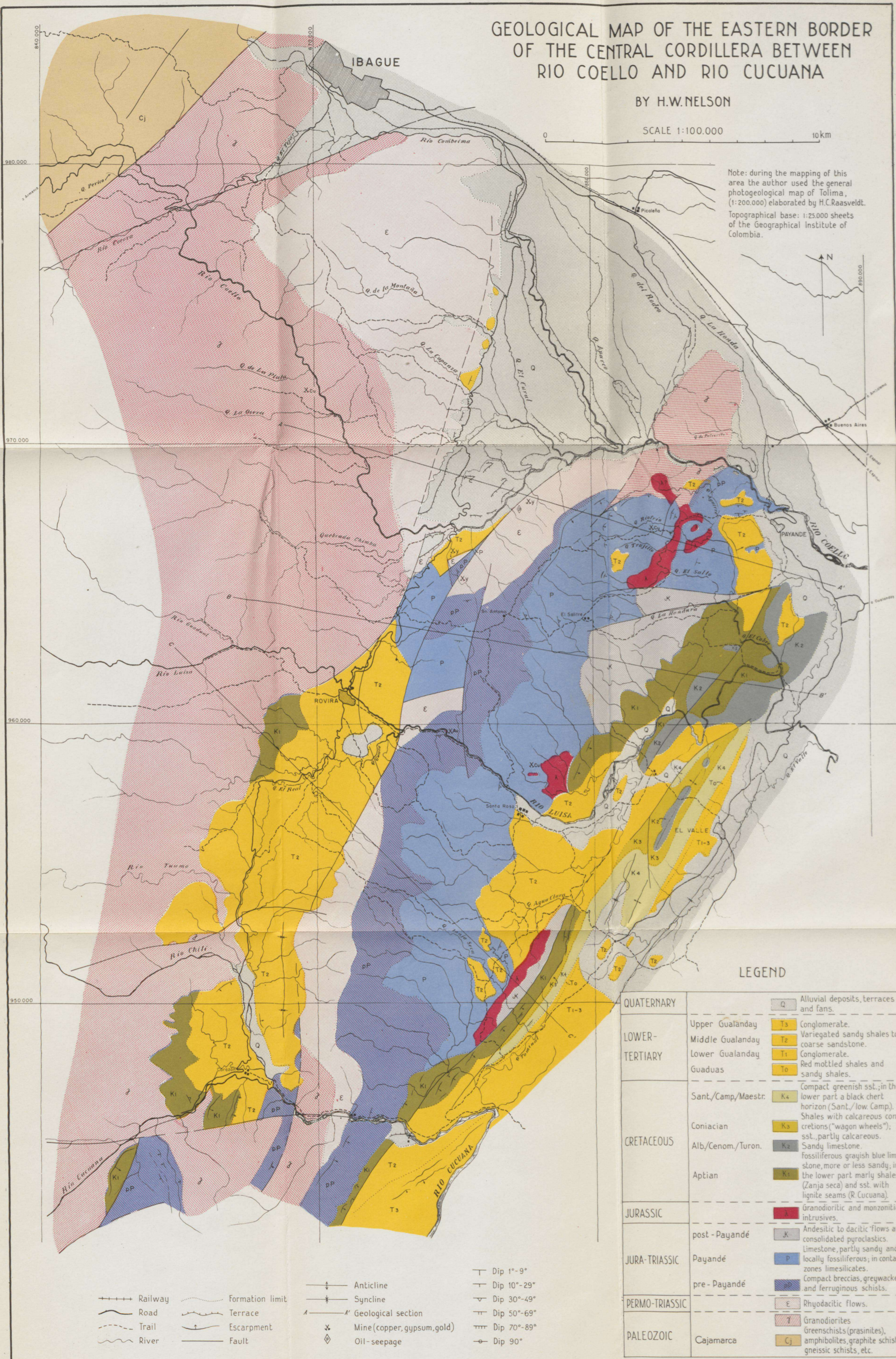


GEOLOGICAL MAP OF THE EASTERN BORDER OF THE CENTRAL CORDILLERA BETWEEN RIO COELLO AND RIO CUCUANA

BY H.W.NELSON

SCALE 1:100.000 10 km

Note: during the mapping of this area the author used the general photogeological map of Tolima, (1:200.000) elaborated by H.C.Raasveldt. Topographical base: 1:25.000 sheets of the Geographical Institute of Colombia.



LEGEND

QUATERNARY	Q	Alluvial deposits, terraces and fans.
LOWER-TERTIARY	T ₃	Conglomerate.
	T ₂	Variiegated sandy shales to coarse sandstone.
	T ₁	Conglomerate.
	T ₀	Red mottled shales and sandy shales.
CRETACEOUS	K ₄	Compact greenish sst.; in the lower part a black chert horizon (Sant./low Camp).
	K ₃	Shales with calcareous concretions ("wagon wheels"); sst. partly calcareous.
	K ₂	Sandy limestone.
	K ₁	Fossiliferous grayish blue limestone, more or less sandy; in the lower part marly shales (Zanja seca) and sst. with lignite seams (R Cucuana).
JURASSIC	J	Granodioritic and monzonitic intrusives.
JURA-TRIASSIC	K	Andesitic to dacitic flows and consolidated pyroclastics.
	P	Limestone, partly sandy and locally fossiliferous; in contact-zones limesticulates.
	PP	Compact breccias, greywackes and ferruginous schists.
PERMO-TRIASSIC	E	Rhyodacitic flows.
PALEOZOIC	T	Granodiorites
	Cj	Greenschists (prasinites), amphibolites, graphite schists, gneissic schists, etc.

- +—+— Railway
- Road
- Trail
- River
- Formation limit
- Terrace
- Escarpment
- Fault
- Anticline
- Syncline
- Geological section
- Mine (copper, gypsum, gold)
- Oil-seepage
- Dip 1°-9°
- Dip 10°-29°
- Dip 30°-49°
- Dip 50°-69°
- Dip 70°-89°
- Dip 90°