IV. — ON THE OCCURRENCE OF A CYCLOHELIX ON JAVA.
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In 1921 's Rijks Museum van Natuurlijke Historie received from Jhr. W. C. van Heurn a collection of landmollusca, collected by him at about 1600 m. altitude in the Malabar Mounts, West Java. Amongst 19 Cyclophorus rafflesi (Brod. & Sow.), 38 Cyclophorus perdix f. zollingeri (Mouss.) and 1 Dyakia rumphii (v. d. Busch) there was one Cyclohelix.

Now the truth is that of this genus no representative has been hitherto recorded from Java. Kobelt (Cyclophoridae in: Tierreich, 1902, p. 144—146) mentions the following species in all: crocatus (Born) = turbo (Chemn.), denselineatus (Pfr.), foliaceus (Chemn.) and nicobaricus Pfr. all from the Nicobar Islands and leai (Tryon) from the Andaman Islands. Afterwards Fulton described C. kibleri from Nias Id. (Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) Vol. 19, 1907, p. 156, pl. 10, fig. 4).

One is inclined to ask how it comes about that Mörch (Journ. de Conch. Vol. 20, 1872, p. 316) and Kobelt (Nachr. Blatt, Vol. 31, 1899, p. 134 and Tierreich 1902, p. 144) consider *C. turbo* identical with *C. crocatus* as the two species do not agree in the least either in shape or in colour, while moreover the habitat of *crocatus* is altogether unknown (cfr. Pfeiffer in Mart.-Chemn. N. Syst. Conch. Cab. Band I, Abt. 19¹, 1849, pl. 19, fig. 4, 5 with Born, Test. Mus. Vindob. 1780, pl. 12, fig. 11 and 12).

Thus it is clear that crocatus must be dropped from the synonymy of Cyclohelix turbo.

In the second place KOBELT (Tierreich 1902, p. 144) omits the record of *C. turbo* from Sumatra 1) by SOWERBY (Thes. Conch. Vol. I, 1843, p. 116, pl. 25, fig. 102, 103) afterwards quoted by Pfeiffer (l. c. p. 141) and it is this latter record which helps especially to make the occurrence of *Cyclohelix* on Java more readily understood.

Yet it is not so simple to decide to which species the Javanese shell belongs.

For a better comparison I have tabulated below side by side the characters of *C. turbo* and *C. kibleri* being the two species which come close to VAN HEURN'S specimen:

¹⁾ And also that from Coromandel and Tranquebar (cfr. Pfeiffer, l.c. p. 141). In the Leiden Museum there are specimens of turbo from Burma.

turbo

- 1 bedeckt durchbohrt
- 2 kegelförmig
- 3 dünn
- 4 ziemlich glatt

5 gelb oder weiss, kastanienbraun marmoriert

- 6 Apex ziemlich spitz
- 7 4 ziemlich gewölbte Windungen
- 8 letzte kantig, manchmal deutlich gekielt, unten abgeflacht
- 9 Mündung schräg
- 10 , abgerundet viereckig
- 11 " innen weisslich
- 12 Mundrand verdickt
- 13 "leicht zurückgeschlagen
- 14 . weiss
- 15 " weit unterbrochen, durch sehr dünnen Callus verbunden
- 16 Spindelrand zu einer angedrückten Lamelle verbreitert, Unterrand oben in einen vorspringenden Knoten auslaufend
- 17
- 18 Höhe 16, Diam. 25×21 mm.

kibleri

very narrowly umbilicate

turbinate very solid

nucleus consisting of $2^{1}/_{2}$ whorls, first $1^{1}/_{2}$ smooth, the next with rather distant curved striae, remainder of shell with fine oblique striae, crossed by close-set microscopic spirals which are waved on the underside of body-whorl

rich dark brown colour, with numerous irregularly shaped spots and streaks of lighter colour; on the underside of shell the markings take a more regular spiral pattern

whorls $5^{1}/_{2}$, convex

the last whorl a little flattened below

aperture very oblique

- " subirregularly oval
- , orange coloured within peristome well thickened
 - nstome wen thickened
 - " orange
- " margins approaching and connected by a transparent callus

columellar portion sloping towards the right, with a blunt tooth-like projection about the middle

operculum corneous, thin, about 8 whorls

Alt. 27, maj. diam. $31^{1}/_{2}$ mm.

Of these 18 points there are 6 which agree more or less on both sides and 3 which are not comparable because the parallel condition is not mentioned (nos. 1, 2, 9, 10, 12, 16 and 6, 13, 17).

Of the remaining nine the Cyclohelix from Java has one characteris-

tic (no. 5) in common with turbo, seven (nos. 3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 14, 15) with kibleri while point 18, the dimensions, are: height 24 mm., max. diam. 29, min. diam. 23 mm.

I hope that these few lines will suffice to show that in the case of the Cyclohelix from Java we have to do with a small and light-coloured variety of C. kibleri.

The subject-matter of this note has been already investigated by Dr. A. L. J. Sunier, until recently a curator at the Leiden Museum. On his removal to Amsterdam he suggested to me that I should work it out which I did by the kind permission of the Director of the Museum, Prof. Dr. E. D. VAN OORT. To both gentlemen my best thanks are due.